PAS 128:2022 QUALITY LEVEL GUIDE					
Q-LEVEL	DESCRIPTION	ACCURACY	Q-LEVEL	DESCRIPTION	ACCURACY
QL-D	Service positions taken from records.	Undefined	QL-B2	Horizontal & Vertical location using either GPR and/or EML.	H:±250mm V:40%
QL-C	Visual evidence of service existence but undetectable by geophysical technology.	Undefined	QL-B1	Horizontal & Vertical location using either GPR and/or EML.	H:±100mm V:15%
QL-B4	Undetectable service present shown as an assumed route (AR).		QL-A	Horizontal & Vertical location verification by open excavation, manholes and/or inspection chambers.	
QL-B3	Horizontal & Vertical location using either GPR and/or EML.	H:±500mm V:N/A			

DETECTION METHOD

IN ACCORDANCE WITH PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE B

DRAINAGE SURVEY

All accessible Manholes and Inspection chambers have had their respective covers lifted with pipe sizes, inverts, chamber sizes/types and service data recorded from ground level. All connections from DPs, Gullies, Drains, VP's, RE's and lampholes have been proven wherever possible using audible connections (AC) and/or sonde instrumentation where applicable. Where these methods have proved unsuccessful then assumed (AR) straight line connections will be shown.

CCTV DRAINAGE SURVEY

All accessible Manholes and Inspection chambers have had their respective covers lifted with pipe sizes, inverts, chamber sizes/type and service data recorded from ground level. Pipework has been traced, accessed and collected for post processing. Drainage layout, including manhole covers not located by topographical survey, may be taken from CCTV chainage and will be shown as indicative only.

Electricity

Elec cables will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required.

British Telecoms

BT cables will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required. Due to current laws and legislation protecting all BT apparatus, cabling can only be located remotely. We therefore compare all our telecom findings against record information to produce the final service layout. In some instances, where high amount of cable ducts are present, we may only be able to identify a linear centre peak signal rather than identifying all the individual duct positions. For further information regarding Telecoms apparatus, please contact Openreach directly.

Cable TV & Telecommunications

CTV and/or Com cables will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required.

Fibre Optic

FO cables will have been predominantly located using GPR methodology. This is due to the materials used within fibre optic cabling. In some rare instances, tracer cabling or conductible non fibre optic cabling will be present within some or all ducting. When this is the case, both EML and GPR methodology will be combined to identify service network and achieve greater quality levels.

Lighting, Traffic Signal & Security Cables

LC, TS and/or Sec cables will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required.

Gas & Water Inc. Fuel Pipes and Hot Water Pipes

GM/GS and/or WM/WS pipe work will have been attempted and located using both EML & GPR methodology with electronically derived depths shown for the former and depths to crown levels shown for the latter.
When the Gas/Water pipe work is constructed using conductible materials, then we are able to to employ multiple geophysical techniques to identify service network and achieve greater quality levels. When a non conductible material is used, GPR methodology will be employed to locate and plot the final service layout.

Ground Penetrating Radar

GPR methodology is used to identify and locate all non metallic, non conductible piping and cabling. We also employ GPR to obtain a greater accuracy levels on EML located services. The GPR has a greater success rate on pipe or service diameter upward of Ø63mm, as size increments increase, so does the chance of detection. The GPR can produces varying results and as such, wouldn't be used as an independent utility surveying instrument.

Unidentified Traces

All UITs will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required. Every effort has been made to identify the service but in this instance, is not achievable. We recommend excavation work to determine identity and depth where applicable.

Scarring (QL-C)

Scarring has been identified on site with a potential of an undetectable service present.

Assumed Routes & Taken from Records (QL-B4/D)

Assumed routes (AR) are shown if there is evidence that a service exists but we are unable to trace it whilst on site. The surveyor will attempt to locate various risers/ics/valves/meters (service evidence) etc. around site area to successfully determine an assumed route between these points. If there is little evidence on site but they believe a service is still present, then a common sense approach to an assumed route shall be employed.

GENERAL SYNOPSIS

This survey has been carried out in accordance with PAS 128: 2022 & our version of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) specification for Measured Surveys of Land, Buildings and Utilities. Our survey extents have been agreed and confirmed with formal acceptance of 83303 from Cala Homes. If you have any queries regarding the final services layout, please may we ask you to carefully read all the information within this title block in its entirety before continuing to do so.

TOPOGRAPHICAL DRAWING INFORMATION

Survey Type	Supplied By	Date	Effect on survey results
OS	Survey Solutions		Lack of topographic detail.

GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS

AVERAGE

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	EFFECT ON SURVEY RESULTS

DESKTOP UTILITY RECORDS (PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE D)
PREREQUISITE FOR PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE
COMISSIONED: YES

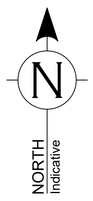
UTILITY	AVAILABILITY	UTILITY COMPANY PROVIDER
SEWER	YES	THAMES WATER
WATER MAIN	YES	THAMES WATER
GAS MAIN	YES	SGM
TELECOM	YES	BRITISH TELECOM
CABLE TV	YES	VODAFONE
ELECTRICITY	YES	NATIONAL GRID
OIL PIPES	N/A	N/A
FIBRE	N/A	N/A
OTHER	N/A	N/A

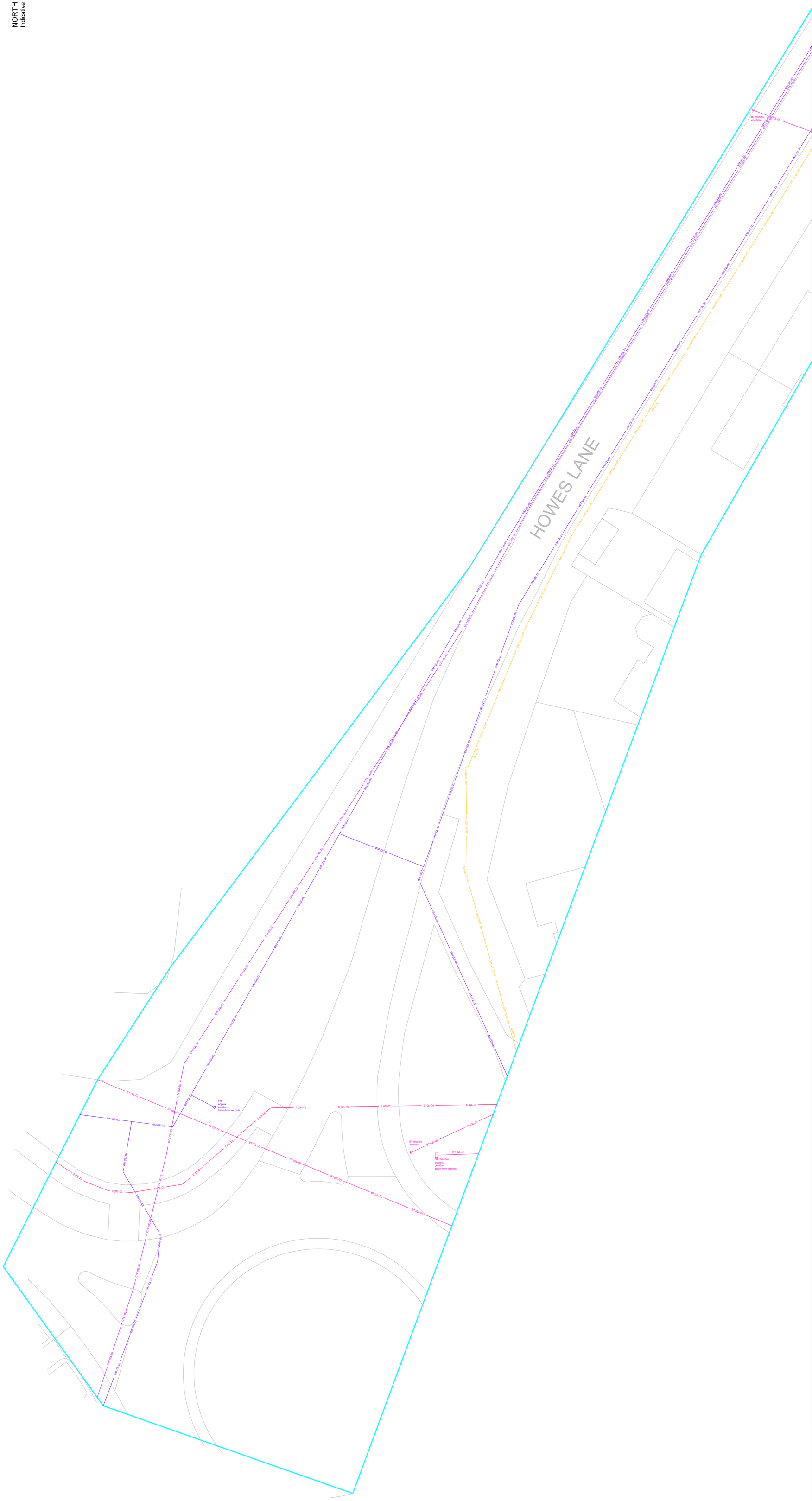
SURVEY RECOMMENDATIONS

An up to date topographical survey drawing to overlay PAS utility information onto.

We recommend a PAS utility survey of the entire site to establish the position of underground services.

To undertake a CCTV drainage survey of the entire site area to establish a more comprehensive drainage network, and asset condition of the pipework.





UTILITIES & UNDERGROUND INVESTIGATIONS

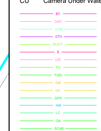
ABBREVIATIONS & SYMBOLS

1D 5C	1 Duct 5 Cables	DCr	Depth To Crown	RBC	Rectangular Brick Chamber
Ø	Diameter	DI	Depth To Invert	RCC	Rectangular Conc Chamber
AC	Audible Connection	DS	Depth To Silt	RE	Rodding Eye
AG	Above Ground	DTB	Depth To Base	SA	Survey Abandoned
AR	Assumed Route	DTW	Depth To Water	SL	Silt Level
BL	Base Level	DTS	Depth To Surcharge	SuL	Surcharge Level
CB	Concrete Benching	EBD	External Backdrop	TFR	Taken From Records
CBC	Circular Brick Chamber	EOT	End Of Trace →●	UTC	Unable To CCTV
CCC	Circular Conc Chamber	IBD	Internal Backdrop	UTDO	Unable To Determine Outfall
CL	Cover Level	IL	Invert Level	UTL	Unable To Lift
CPC	Circ Plastic Chamber	OH	Overhead	UTS	Unable To Survey
CrL	Crown Level	PDR	Poor Depth Response	UTT	Unable To Trace
CU	Camera Under Water→●	RB ●	Rest Bend	WL	Water Level

BT CABLE(S)
OVERHEAD BT CABLE(S)
COMMUNICATIONS CABLE(S)
CABLE TV CABLE(S)
EMPTY DUCT
ELECTRIC CABLE(S)
OVERHEAD ELECTRIC CABLE(S)
FIBREOPTIC CABLE(S)
FUEL PIPE(S)
GAS MAIN
GAS SERVICE
GROUND PENETRATING RADAR (GPR) TRACE
HOT WATER PIPE
LIGHTING CIRCUIT
OIL PIPE(S)
VISIBLE SCARRING
SECURITY CABLING
TELECOM CABLE(S)
TRAFFIC SIGNAL
UNIDENTIFIED SERVICE
UNIDENTIFIED TRACE
WATER MAIN
WATER SERVICE
COMBINED SEWER
COMBINED WATER RISING MAIN
EFFLUENT WATER
FOUL SEWER
FOUL WATER RISING MAIN
RISING MAIN
SURFACE WATER SEWER
SURFACE WATER RISING MAIN
INVESTIGATION EXTENTS

Note:
UTILITIES COMMENT BOX (GENERAL NOTES)
40.37m DEPTH TO SERVICE

AUDIBLE CONNECTION
SERVICE ABOVE GROUND
CAMERA UNDER WATER
SERVICE OVERHEAD



DRAWING NOTES

All below ground details shown have been identified from above ground without excavation. Survey Solution uses electro-magnetic and/or ground penetrating radar (GPR) methods to investigate for underground utilities, services and features. Results using these methods are not infallible and we recommend trial excavations are carried out for verification of positions, depths and identification.

Any areas on the drawing where services or features have not been shown are not necessarily clear of services or features but are an indication that no items have been identified during our investigations. All reasonable care and normal good practice should still be employed during design and construction processes.

Certain types of services such as plastic or concrete pipes, some conduit and ducting where direct access can not be achieved for tracing may not be shown and alternative locating methods should be used.

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Depths obtained using electro-magnetic or GPR are effected by ground conditions and should be treated as indicative only. Electro-magnetic depths to utilities and services are generally taken to the centre of a feature, GPR depths to the top of a feature and drainage depth shown to inverts, unless otherwise indicated.

Drainage pipe sizes will be obtained without entering the chamber and therefore should be treated as approximate. Pipe dimensions which have not been obtained visually will be taken from records when available.

All services, drainage and utilities routes are assumed straight between access points, unless otherwise stated. The numbers of cables in runs will not be shown unless specifically requested. All services are below ground unless indicated.

Services, utilities and features may not have been surveyed if obstructed or not reasonably visible or accessible at the time of survey.

Survey Solutions accept no responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of either the topographical survey or base mapping on this project.

All critical dimensions and measurements should be checked and verified with any errors or discrepancies notified to Survey Solutions immediately. The accuracy of the digital data is the same as the plotting scale implies. All dimensions are in metres unless otherwise stated.

The contractor must check and verify all site and building dimensions, levels, utilities and drainage details and connections prior to commencing work.

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This drawing should only be scaled using digital methods.

REV	DESCRIPTION	DRAWN	APPR	DATE

PROJECT TITLE
HOWES LANE
BICESTER.

DRAWING DETAIL
SURVEY TYPE D - RECORDS ONLY
SHEET 1 OF 6

CLIENT				SCALE
CALA HOMES				1:200
SURVEYOR	SURVEY DATE	CHECKED BY	APPROVED BY	DWG STATUS
DCB	01/12/2025	ZAW	JTM	FINAL
DRAWING NUMBER		REVISION		ISSUE DATE
83303NGUG-01				02/12/2025

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PAS 128:2022 QUALITY LEVEL GUIDE

Q-LEVEL	DESCRIPTION	ACCURACY	Q-LEVEL	DESCRIPTION	ACCURACY
QL-D	Service positions taken from records.	Undefined	QL-B2	Horizontal & Vertical location using either GPR and/or EML.	H:±250mm V:40%
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QL-B4	Undetectable service present shown as an assumed route (AR).		QL-A	Horizontal & Vertical location verification by open excavation, manholes and/or inspection chambers.	
QL-B3	Horizontal & Vertical location using either GPR and/or EML.	H:±500mm V:N/A			

DETECTION METHOD
IN ACCORDANCE WITH PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE B

DRAINAGE SURVEY
All accessible Manholes and Inspection chambers have had their respective covers lifted with pipe sizes, inverts, chamber sizes/types and service data recorded from ground level. All connections from DPs, Gullies, Drains, VP's, RE's and lampholes have been proven wherever possible using audible connections (AC) and/or sonde instrumentation where applicable. Where these methods have proved unsuccessful then assumed (AR) straight line connections will be shown.

CCTV DRAINAGE SURVEY
All accessible Manholes and Inspection chambers have had their respective covers lifted with pipe sizes, inverts, chamber sizes/type and service data recorded from ground level. Pipework has been traced, accessed and collected for post processing. Drainage layout, including manhole covers not located by topographical survey, may be taken from CCTV chainage and will be shown as indicative only.

Electricity
Elec cables will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required.

British Telecoms
BT cables will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required. Due to current laws and legislation protecting all BT apparatus, cabling can only be located remotely. We therefore compare all our telecom findings against record information to produce the final service layout. In some instances, where high amount of cable ducts are present, we may only be able to identify a linear centre peak signal rather than identifying all the individual duct positions. For further information regarding Telecoms apparatus, please contact Openreach directly.

Cable TV & Communications
CTV and/or Com cables will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required.

Fibre Optic
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Ground Penetrating Radar
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All UITs will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required. Every effort has been made to identify the service but in this instance, is not achievable. We recommend excavation work to determine identity and depth where applicable.

Scarring (QL-C)
Scarring has been identified on site with a potential of an undetectable service present.

Assumed Routes & Taken from Records (QL-B4/D)
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GENERAL SYNOPSIS

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TOPOGRAPHICAL DRAWING INFORMATION

Survey Type	Supplied By	Date	Effect on survey results
OS	Survey Solutions		Lack of topographic detail.

GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS
AVERAGE

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	EFFECT ON SURVEY RESULTS

DESKTOP UTILITY RECORDS (PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE D)
PREREQUISITE FOR PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE
COMISSIONED: YES

UTILITY	AVAILABILITY	UTILITY COMPANY PROVIDER
SEWER	YES	THAMES WATER
WATER MAIN	YES	THAMES WATER
GAS MAIN	YES	SGM
TELECOM	YES	BRITISH TELECOM
CABLE TV	YES	VODAFONE
ELECTRICITY	YES	NATIONAL GRID
OIL PIPES	N/A	N/A
FIBRE	N/A	N/A
OTHER	N/A	N/A

SURVEY RECOMMENDATIONS

An up to date topographical survey drawing to overlay PAS utility information onto.

We recommend a PAS utility survey of the entire site to establish the position of underground services.

To undertake a CCTV drainage survey of the entire site area to establish a more comprehensive drainage network, and asset condition of the pipework.

UTILITIES & UNDERGROUND INVESTIGATIONS
ABBREVIATIONS & SYMBOLS

1D 5C	1 Duct 5 Cables	DCr	Depth To Crown	RBC	Rectangular Brick Chamber
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CL	Cover Level	IL	Invert Level	UTL	Unable To Lift
CPC	Circ Plastic Chamber	OH	Overhead	UTS	Unable To Survey
CrL	Crown Level	PDR	Poor Depth Response	UTT	Unable To Trace
CU	Camera Under Water	RB ●	Rest Bend	WL	Water Level

BT CABLE(S)
OVERHEAD BT CABLE(S)
COMMUNICATIONS CABLE(S)
CABLE TV CABLE(S)
EMPTY DUCT
ELECTRIC CABLE(S)
OVERHEAD ELECTRIC CABLE(S)
FIBREOPTIC CABLE(S)
FUEL PIPE(S)
GAS MAIN
GAS SERVICE
GROUND PENETRATING RADAR (GPR) TRACE
HOT WATER PIPE
LIGHTING CIRCUIT
OIL PIPE(S)
VISIBLE SCARRING
SECURITY CABLING
TELECOM CABLE(S)
TRAFFIC SIGNAL
UNIDENTIFIED SERVICE
UNIDENTIFIED TRACE
WATER MAIN
WATER SERVICE
COMBINED SEWER
COMBINED WATER RISING MAIN
EFFLUENT WATER
FOUL SEWER
FOUL WATER RISING MAIN
RISING MAIN
SURFACE WATER SEWER
SURFACE WATER RISING MAIN
INVESTIGATION EXTENTS

Note: .... UTILITIES COMMENT BOX (GENERAL NOTES)
d0.37m DEPTH TO SERVICE
??-AC AUDIBLE CONNECTION
??-AG SERVICE ABOVE GROUND
??-CU CAMERA UNDER WATER
??-OH SERVICE OVERHEAD

DRAWING NOTES

All below ground details shown have been identified from above ground without excavation. Survey Solution uses electro-magnetic and/or ground penetrating radar (GPR) methods to investigate for underground utilities, services and features. Results using these methods are not infallible and we recommend trial excavations are carried out for verification of positions, depths and identification.

Any areas on the drawing where services or features have not been shown are not necessarily clear of services or features but are an indication that no items have been identified during our investigations. All reasonable care and normal good practice should still be employed during design and construction processes.

Certain types of services such as plastic or concrete pipes, some conduit and ducting where direct access can not be achieved for tracing may not be shown and alternative locating methods should be used.

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This drawing should only be scaled using digital methods.

REV	DESCRIPTION	DRAWN	APPR	DATE

PROJECT TITLE
HOWES LANE
BICESTER.

DRAWING DETAIL
SURVEY TYPE D - RECORDS ONLY
SHEET 2 OF 6

CLIENT				SCALE
CALA HOMES				1:200
SURVEYOR	SURVEY DATE	CHECKED BY	APPROVED BY	DWG STATUS
DCB	01/12/2025	ZAW	JTM	FINAL
DRAWING NUMBER			REVISION	ISSUE DATE
83303NGUG-02				02/12/2025

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Original Sheet Size A0V

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DETECTION METHOD

IN ACCORDANCE WITH PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE B

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Survey Type	Supplied By	Date	Effect on survey results
OS	Survey Solutions		Lack of topographic detail.

GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS

AVERAGE

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	EFFECT ON SURVEY RESULTS

DESKTOP UTILITY RECORDS (PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE D)
PREREQUISITE FOR PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE
COMISSIONED: YES

UTILITY	AVAILABILITY	UTILITY COMPANY PROVIDER
SEWER	YES	THAMES WATER
WATER MAIN	YES	THAMES WATER
GAS MAIN	YES	SGM
TELECOM	YES	BRITISH TELECOM
CABLE TV	YES	VODAFONE
ELECTRICITY	YES	NATIONAL GRID
OIL PIPES	N/A	N/A
FIBRE	N/A	N/A
OTHER	N/A	N/A

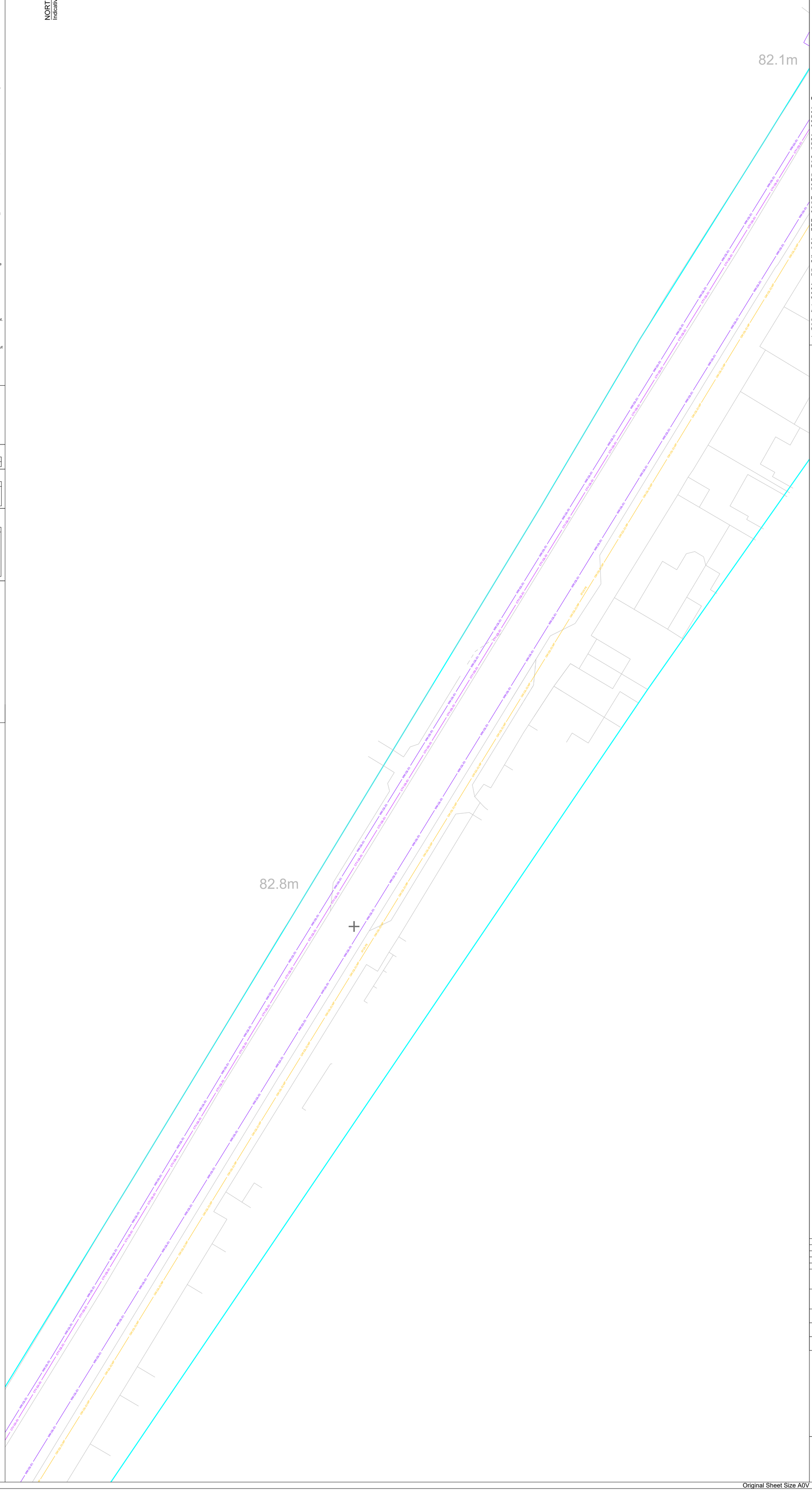
SURVEY RECOMMENDATIONS

An up to date topographical survey drawing to overlay PAS utility information onto.

We recommend a PAS utility survey of the entire site to establish the position of underground services.

To undertake a CCTV drainage survey of the entire site area to establish a more comprehensive drainage network, and asset condition of the pipework.

NORTH Indicative



UTILITIES & UNDERGROUND INVESTIGATIONS

ABBREVIATIONS & SYMBOLS

1D 5C	1 Duct 5 Cables	DCr	Depth To Crown	RBC	Rectangular Brick Chamber
Ø	Diameter	DI	Depth To Invert	RCC	Rectangular Conc Chamber
AC	Audible Connection	DS	Depth To Silt	RE	Rodding Eye
AG	Above Ground	DTB	Depth To Base	SA	Survey Abandoned
AR	Assumed Route	DTW	Depth To Water	SL	Silt Level
BL	Base Level	DTS	Depth To Surcharge	SuL	Surcharge Level
CB	Concrete Benching	EBD	External Backdrop	TFR	Taken From Records
CBC	Circular Brick Chamber	EOT	End Of Trace ⟶	UTC	Unable To CCTV
CCC	Circular Conc Chamber	IBD	Internal Backdrop	UTDO	Unable To Determine Outfall
CL	Cover Level	IL	Invert Level	UTL	Unable To Lift
CPC	Circ Plastic Chamber	OH	Overhead	UTS	Unable To Survey
CrL	Crown Level	PDR	Poor Depth Response	UTT	Unable To Trace
CU	Camera Under Water⟶	RB ●	Rest Bend	WL	Water Level

DRAWING NOTES

All below ground details shown have been identified from above ground without excavation. Survey Solution uses electro-magnetic and/or ground penetrating radar (GPR) methods to investigate for underground utilities, services and features. Results using these methods are not infallible and we recommend trial excavations are carried out for verification of positions, depths and identification.

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Depths obtained using electro-magnetic or GPR are effected by ground conditions and should be treated as indicative only. Electro-magnetic depths to utilities and services are generally taken to the centre of a feature, GPR depths to the top of a feature and drainage depth shown to inverts, unless otherwise indicated.

Drainage pipe sizes will be obtained without entering the chamber and therefore should be treated as approximate. Pipe dimensions which have not been obtained visually will be taken from records when available.

All services, drainage and utilities routes are assumed straight between access points, unless otherwise stated. The numbers of cables in runs will not be shown unless specifically requested. All services are below ground unless indicated.

Services, utilities and features may not have been surveyed if obstructed or not reasonably visible or accessible at the time of survey.

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The contractor must check and verify all site and building dimensions, levels, utilities and drainage details and connections prior to commencing work.

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This drawing should only be scaled using digital methods.

REV	DESCRIPTION	DRAWN	APPR	DATE

PROJECT TITLE
HOWES LANE
BICESTER.

DRAWING DETAIL
SURVEY TYPE D - RECORDS ONLY
SHEET 3 OF 6

CLIENT				SCALE
CALA HOMES				1:200
SURVEYOR	SURVEY DATE	CHECKED BY	APPROVED BY	DWG STATUS
DCB	01/12/2025	ZAW	JTM	FINAL
DRAWING NUMBER		REVISION		ISSUE DATE
83303NGUG-03				02/12/2025

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Original Sheet Size A0V

PAS 128:2022 QUALITY LEVEL GUIDE					
Q-LEVEL	DESCRIPTION	ACCURACY	Q-LEVEL	DESCRIPTION	ACCURACY
QL-D	Service positions taken from records.	Undefined	QL-B2	Horizontal & Vertical location using either GPR and/or EML.	H:±250mm V:±X%
QL-C	Visual evidence of service existence but undetectable by geophysical technology.	Undefined	QL-B1	Horizontal & Vertical location using either GPR and/or EML.	H:±150mm V:15%
QL-B4	Undetectable service present shown as an assumed route (AR).		QL-A	Horizontal & Vertical location verification by open excavation, manholes and/or inspection chambers.	
QL-B3	Horizontal & Vertical location using either GPR and/or EML.	H:±500mm V:N/A			

DETECTION METHOD

IN ACCORDANCE WITH PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE B

DRAINAGE SURVEY

All accessible Manholes and Inspection chambers have had their respective covers lifted with pipe sizes, inverts, chamber sizes/types and service data recorded from ground level. All connections from DPs, Gullies, Drains, VP's, RE's and lampholes have been proven wherever possible using audible connections (AC) and/or sonde instrumentation where applicable. Where these methods have proved unsuccessful then assumed (AR) straight line connections will be shown.

CCTV DRAINAGE SURVEY

All accessible Manholes and Inspection chambers have had their respective covers lifted with pipe sizes, inverts, chamber sizes/type and service data recorded from ground level. Pipework has been traced, accessed and collected for post processing. Drainage layout, including manhole covers not located by topographical survey, may be taken from CCTV chainage and will be shown as indicative only.

Electricity

Elec cables will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required.

British Telecoms

BT cables will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required. Due to current laws and legislation protecting all BT apparatus, cabling can only be located remotely. We therefore compare all our telecom findings against record information to produce the final service layout. In some instances, where high amount of cable ducts are present, we may only be able to identify a linear centre peak signal rather than identifying all the individual duct positions. For further information regarding Telecoms apparatus, please contact Openreach directly.

Cable TV & Telecommunications

CTV and/or Com cables will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required.

Fibre Optic

FO cables will have been predominantly located using GPR methodology. This is due to the materials used within fibre optic cabling. In some rare instances, tracer cabling or conductible non fibre optic cabling will be present within some or all ducting. When this is the case, both EML and GPR methodology will be combined to identify service network and achieve greater quality levels.

Lighting, Traffic Signal & Security Cables

LC, TS and/or Sec cables will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required.

Gas & Water Inc, Fuel Pipes and Hot Water Pipes

GM/GS and/or WM/WS pipe work will have been attempted and located using both EML & GPR methodology with electronically derived depths shown for the former and depths to crown levels shown for the latter.
When the Gas/Water pipe work is constructed using conductible materials, then we are able to to employ multiple geophysical techniques to identify service network and achieve greater quality levels. When a non conductible material is used, GPR methodology will be employed to locate and plot the final service layout.

Ground Penetrating Radar

GPR methodology is used to identify and locate all non metallic, non conductible piping and cabling. We also employ GPR to obtain a greater accuracy levels on EML located services. The GPR has a greater success rate on pipe or service diameter upward of Ø63mm, as size increments increase, so does the chance of detection. The GPR can produces varying results and as such, wouldn't be used as an independent utility surveying instrument.

Unidentified Traces

All UITs will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required. Every effort has been made to identify the service but in this instance, is not achievable. We recommend excavation work to determine identity and depth where applicable.

Scarring (QL-C)

Scarring has been identified on site with a potential of an undetectable service present.

Assumed Routes & Taken from Records (QL-B4/D)

Assumed routes (AR) are shown if there is evidence that a service exists but we are unable to trace it whilst on site. The surveyor will attempt to locate various risers/ics/valves/meters (service evidence) etc. around site area to successfully determine an assumed route between these points. If there is little evidence on site but they believe a service is still present, then a common sense approach to an assumed route shall be employed.

GENERAL SYNOPSIS

This survey has been carried out in accordance with PAS 128: 2022 & our version of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) specification for Measured Surveys of Land, Buildings and Utilities. Our survey extents have been agreed and confirmed with formal acceptance of 83303 from Cala Homes. If you have any queries regarding the final services layout, please may we ask you to carefully read all the information within this title block in its entirety before continuing to do so.

TOPOGRAPHICAL DRAWING INFORMATION

Survey Type	Supplied By	Date	Effect on survey results
OS	Survey Solutions		Lack of topographic detail.

GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS

AVERAGE

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	EFFECT ON SURVEY RESULTS

DESKTOP UTILITY RECORDS (PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE D)
PREREQUISITE FOR PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE
COMISSIONED: YES

UTILITY	AVAILABILITY	UTILITY COMPANY PROVIDER
SEWER	YES	THAMES WATER
WATER MAIN	YES	THAMES WATER
GAS MAIN	YES	SGM
TELECOM	YES	BRITISH TELECOM
CABLE TV	YES	VODAFONE
ELECTRICITY	YES	NATIONAL GRID
OIL PIPES	N/A	N/A
FIBRE	N/A	N/A
OTHER	N/A	N/A

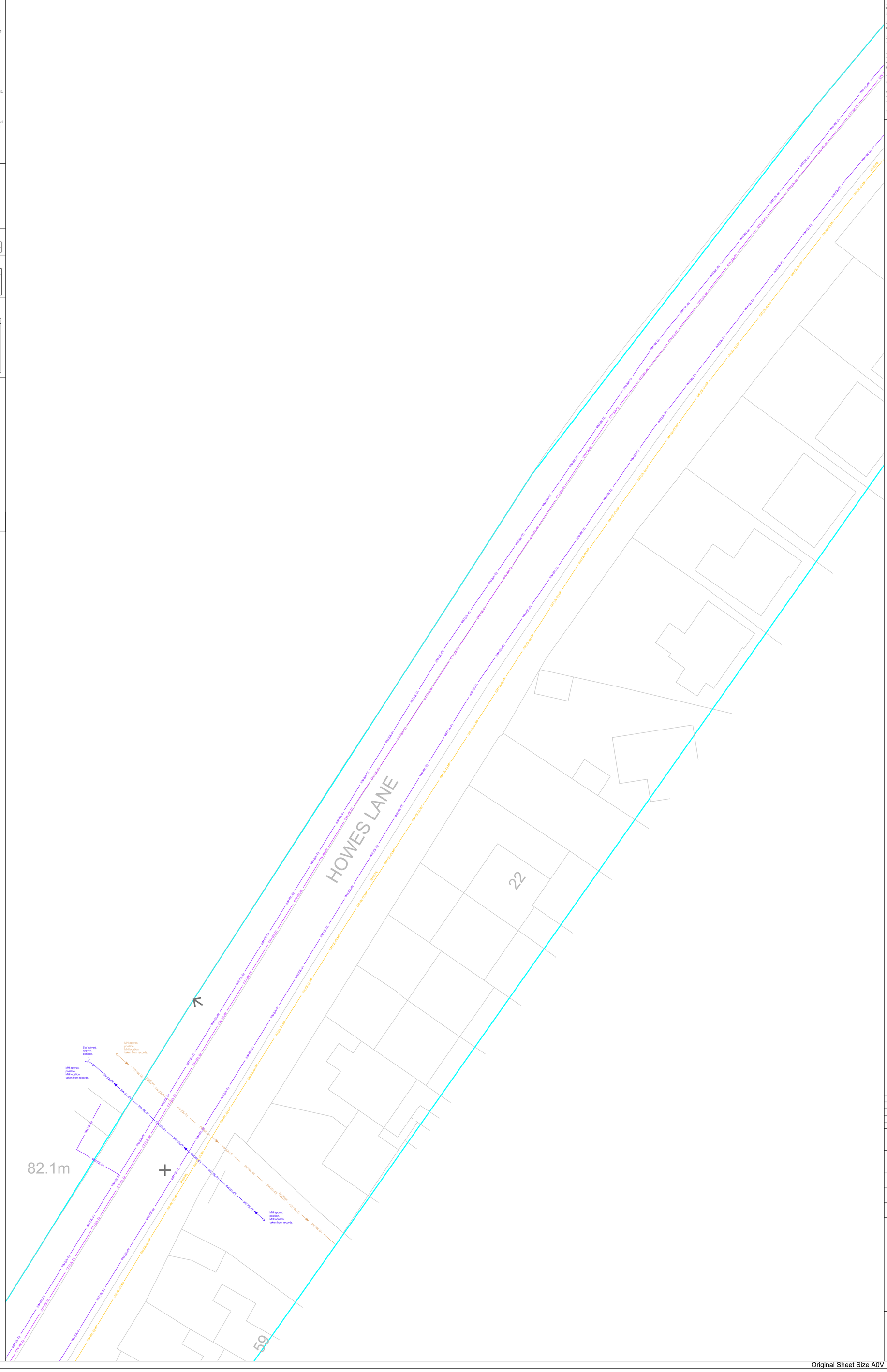
SURVEY RECOMMENDATIONS

An up to date topographical survey drawing to overlay PAS utility information onto.

We recommend a PAS utility survey of the entire site to establish the position of underground services.

To undertake a CCTV drainage survey of the entire site area to establish a more comprehensive drainage network, and asset condition of the pipework.

NORTH
Indicative



UTILITIES & UNDERGROUND INVESTIGATIONS

ABBREVIATIONS & SYMBOLS

1D 5C	1 Duct 5 Cables	DCr	Depth To Crown	RBC	Rectangular Brick Chamber
Ø	Diameter	DI	Depth To Invert	RCC	Rectangular Conc Chamber
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AG	Above Ground	DTB	Depth To Base	SA	Survey Abandoned
AR	Assumed Route	DTW	Depth To Water	SL	Silt Level
BL	Base Level	DTS	Depth To Surcharge	SuL	Surcharge Level
CB	Concrete Benching	EBD	External Backdrop	TFR	Taken From Records
CBC	Circular Brick Chamber	EOT	End Of Trace →●	UTC	Unable To CCTV
CCC	Circular Conc Chamber	IBD	Internal Backdrop	UTDO	Unable To Determine Outfall
CL	Cover Level	IL	Invert Level	UTL	Unable To Lift
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CU	Camera Under Water→●	RB ●	Rest Bend	WL	Water Level

BT CABLE(S)
OVERHEAD BT CABLE(S)
COMMUNICATIONS CABLE(S)
CABLE TV CABLE(S)
EMPTY DUCT
ELECTRIC CABLE(S)
OVERHEAD ELECTRIC CABLE(S)
FIBREOPTIC CABLE(S)
FUEL PIPE(S)
GAS MAIN
GAS SERVICE
GROUND PENETRATING RADAR (GPR) TRACE
HOT WATER PIPE
LIGHTING CIRCUIT
OIL PIPE(S)
VISIBLE SCARRING
SECURITY CABLING
TELECOM CABLE(S)
TRAFFIC SIGNAL
UNIDENTIFIED SERVICE
UNIDENTIFIED TRACE
WATER MAIN
WATER SERVICE
COMBINED SEWER
COMBINED WATER RISING MAIN
EFFLUENT WATER
FOUL SEWER
FOUL WATER RISING MAIN
RISING MAIN
SURFACE WATER SEWER
SURFACE WATER RISING MAIN
INVESTIGATION EXTENTS

Note:

UTILITIES COMMENT BOX (GENERAL NOTES)

40.37m DEPTH TO SERVICE

AUDIBLE CONNECTION

SERVICE ABOVE GROUND

CAMERA UNDER WATER

SERVICE OVERHEAD

DRAWING NOTES

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REV	DESCRIPTION	DRAWN	APPR	DATE

PROJECT TITLE
HOWES LANE
BICESTER.

DRAWING DETAIL
SURVEY TYPE D - RECORDS ONLY
SHEET 4 OF 6

CLIENT			SCALE
CALA HOMES			1:200
SURVEYOR	SURVEY DATE	CHECKED BY	APPROVED BY	DWG STATUS
DCB	01/12/2025	ZAW	JTM	FINAL
DRAWING NUMBER		REVISION	ISSUE DATE
83303NGUG-04			02/12/2025

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DETECTION METHOD

IN ACCORDANCE WITH PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE B

DRAINAGE SURVEY

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GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS

AVERAGE

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	EFFECT ON SURVEY RESULTS

DESKTOP UTILITY RECORDS (PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE D)
PREREQUISITE FOR PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE
COMISSIONED: YES

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GAS MAIN	YES	SGM
TELECOM	YES	BRITISH TELECOM
CABLE TV	YES	VODAFONE
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OIL PIPES	N/A	N/A
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OTHER	N/A	N/A

SURVEY RECOMMENDATIONS

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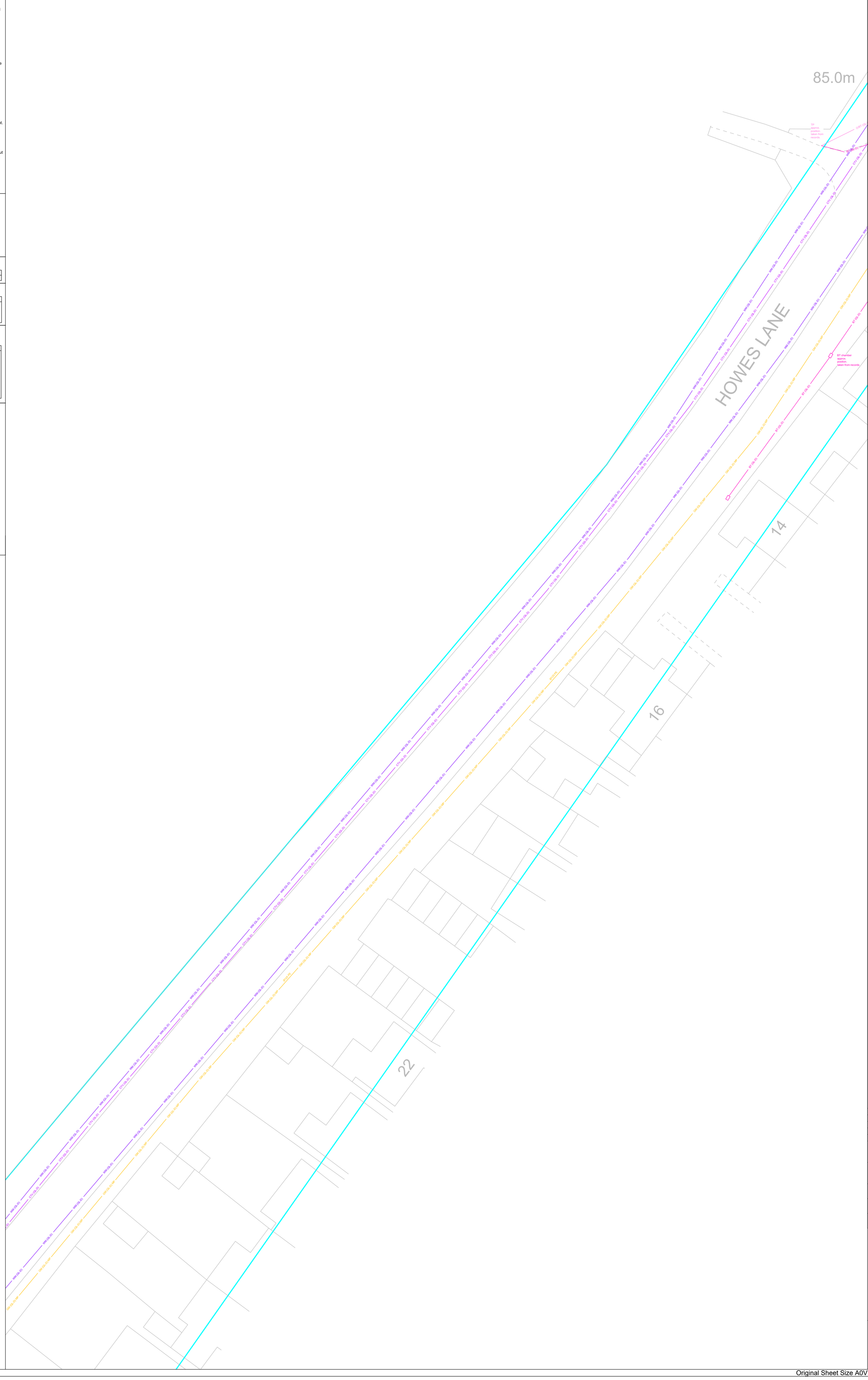
NORTH Indicative



UTILITIES & UNDERGROUND INVESTIGATIONS

ABBREVIATIONS & SYMBOLS

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CU	Camera Under Water→●	RB ●	Rest Bend	WL	Water Level

BT CABLE(S)
OVERHEAD BT CABLE(S)
COMMUNICATIONS CABLE(S)
CABLE TV CABLE(S)
EMPTY DUCT
ELECTRIC CABLE(S)
OVERHEAD ELECTRIC CABLE(S)
FIBREOPTIC CABLE(S)
FUEL PIPE(S)
GAS MAIN
GAS SERVICE
GROUND PENETRATING RADAR (GPR) TRACE
HOT WATER PIPE
LIGHTING CIRCUIT
OIL PIPE(S)
VISIBLE SCARRING
SECURITY CABLING
TELECOM CABLE(S)
TRAFFIC SIGNAL
UNIDENTIFIED SERVICE
UNIDENTIFIED TRACE
WATER MAIN
WATER SERVICE
COMBINED SEWER
COMBINED WATER RISING MAIN
EFFLUENT WATER
FOUL SEWER
FOUL WATER RISING MAIN
RISING MAIN
SURFACE WATER SEWER
SURFACE WATER RISING MAIN
INVESTIGATION EXTENTS

Note:

40.37m DEPTH TO SERVICE

UTILITIES COMMENT BOX (GENERAL NOTES)

AUDIBLE CONNECTION

SERVICE ABOVE GROUND

CAMERA UNDER WATER

SERVICE OVERHEAD

NORTH Indicative

DRAWING NOTES

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This drawing should only be scaled using digital methods.

REV	DESCRIPTION	DRAWN	APPR	DATE

PROJECT TITLE
HOWES LANE
BICESTER.

DRAWING DETAIL
SURVEY TYPE D - RECORDS ONLY
SHEET 5 OF 6

CLIENT				SCALE
CALA HOMES				1:200
SURVEYOR	SURVEY DATE	CHECKED BY	APPROVED BY	DWG STATUS
DCB	01/12/2025	ZAW	JTM	FINAL
DRAWING NUMBER		REVISION		ISSUE DATE
83303NGUG-05				02/12/2025

SURVEY SOLUTIONS
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PAS 128:2022 QUALITY LEVEL GUIDE					
Q-LEVEL	DESCRIPTION	ACCURACY	Q-LEVEL	DESCRIPTION	ACCURACY
QL-D	Service positions taken from records.	Undefined	QL-B2	Horizontal & Vertical location using either GPR and/or EML.	H:±250mm V:40%
QL-C	Visual evidence of service existence but undetectable by geophysical technology.	Undefined	QL-B1	Horizontal & Vertical location using either GPR and/or EML.	H:±100mm V:15%
QL-B4	Undetectable service present shown as an assumed route (AR).		QL-A	Horizontal & Vertical location verification by open excavation, manholes and/or inspection chambers.	
QL-B3	Horizontal & Vertical location using either GPR and/or EML.	H:±350mm V:NA			

DETECTION METHOD

IN ACCORDANCE WITH PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE B

DRAINAGE SURVEY

All accessible Manholes and Inspection chambers have had their respective covers lifted with pipe sizes, inverts, chamber sizes/types and service data recorded from ground level. All connections from DPs, Gullies, Drains, VP's, RE's and lampholes have been proven wherever possible using audible connections (AC) and/or sonde instrumentation where applicable. Where these methods have proved unsuccessful then assumed (AR) straight line connections will be shown.

CCTV DRAINAGE SURVEY

All accessible Manholes and Inspection chambers have had their respective covers lifted with pipe sizes, inverts, chamber sizes/type and service data recorded from ground level. Pipework has been traced, accessed and collected for post processing. Drainage layout, including manhole covers not located by topographical survey, may be taken from CCTV chainage and will be shown as indicative only.

Electricity

Elec cables will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required.

British Telecoms

BT cables will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required. Due to current laws and legislation protecting all BT apparatus, cabling can only be located remotely. We therefore compare all our telecom findings against record information to produce the final service layout. In some instances, where high amount of cable ducts are present, we may only be able to identify a linear centre peak signal rather than identifying all the individual duct positions. For further information regarding Telecoms apparatus, please contact Openreach directly.

Cable TV & Telecommunications

CTV and/or Com cables will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required.

Fibre Optic

FO cables will have been predominantly located using GPR methodology. This is due to the materials used within fibre optic cabling. In some rare instances, tracer cabling or conductible non fibre optic cabling will be present within some or all ducting. When this is the case, both EML and GPR methodology will be combined to identify service network and achieve greater quality levels.

Lighting, Traffic Signal & Security Cables

LC, TS and/or Sec cables will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required.

Gas & Water Inc. Fuel Pipes and Hot Water Pipes

GM/GS and/or WM/WS pipe work will have been attempted and located using both EML & GPR methodology with electronically derived depths shown for the former and depths to crown levels shown for the latter.
When the Gas/Water pipe work is constructed using conductible materials, then we are able to to employ multiple geophysical techniques to identify service network and achieve greater quality levels. When a non conductible material is used, GPR methodology will be employed to locate and plot the final service layout.

Ground Penetrating Radar

GPR methodology is used to identify and locate all non metallic, non conductible piping and cabling. We also employ GPR to obtain a greater accuracy levels on EML located services. The GPR has a greater success rate on pipe or service diameter upward of Ø63mm, as size increments increase, so does the chance of detection. The GPR can produces varying results and as such, wouldn't be used as an independent utility surveying instrument.

Unidentified Traces

All UITs will have been predominantly located using EML methodology with electronically derived depths shown. GPR techniques will be employed to achieve greater quality levels as required. Every effort has been made to identify the service but in this instance, is not achievable. We recommend excavation work to determine identity and depth where applicable.

Scarring (QL-C)

Scarring has been identified on site with a potential of an undetectable service present.

Assumed Routes & Taken from Records (QL-B4/D)

Assumed routes (AR) are shown if there is evidence that a service exists but we are unable to trace it whilst on site. The surveyor will attempt to locate various risers/ics/valves/meters (service evidence) etc. around site area to successfully determine an assumed route between these points. If there is little evidence on site but they believe a service is still present, then a common sense approach to an assumed route shall be employed.

GENERAL SYNOPSIS

This survey has been carried out in accordance with PAS 128: 2022 & our version of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) specification for Measured Surveys of Land, Buildings and Utilities. Our survey extents have been agreed and confirmed with formal acceptance of 83303 from Cala Homes. If you have any queries regarding the final services layout, please may we ask you to carefully read all the information within this title block in its entirety before continuing to do so.

TOPOGRAPHICAL DRAWING INFORMATION

Survey Type	Supplied By	Date	Effect on survey results
OS	Survey Solutions		Lack of topographic detail.

GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS

AVERAGE

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	EFFECT ON SURVEY RESULTS

DESKTOP UTILITY RECORDS (PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE D)
PREREQUISITE FOR PAS 128: 2022 SURVEY TYPE
COMISSIONED: YES

UTILITY	AVAILABILITY	UTILITY COMPANY PROVIDER
SEWER	YES	THAMES WATER
WATER MAIN	YES	THAMES WATER
GAS MAIN	YES	SGM
TELECOM	YES	BRITISH TELECOM
CABLE TV	YES	VODAFONE
ELECTRICITY	YES	NATIONAL GRID
OIL PIPES	N/A	N/A
FIBRE	N/A	N/A
OTHER	N/A	N/A

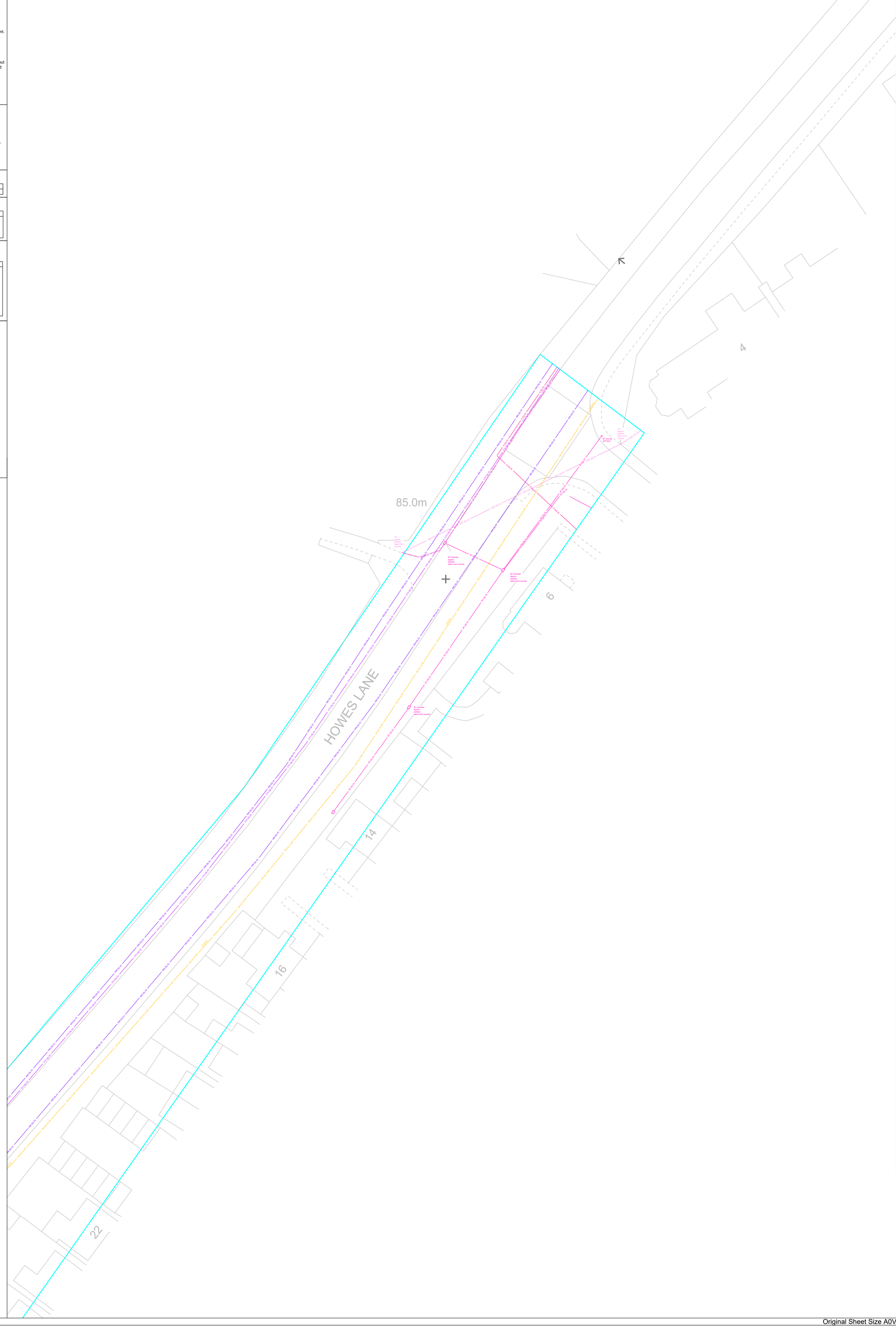
SURVEY RECOMMENDATIONS

An up to date topographical survey drawing to overlay PAS utility information onto.

We recommend a PAS utility survey of the entire site to establish the position of underground services.

To undertake a CCTV drainage survey of the entire site area to establish a more comprehensive drainage network, and asset condition of the pipework.

NORTH
Indicative



UTILITIES & UNDERGROUND INVESTIGATIONS

ABBREVIATIONS & SYMBOLS

1D 5C	1 Duct 5 Cables	DCr	Depth To Crown	RBC	Rectangular Brick Chamber
Ø	Diameter	DI	Depth To Invert	RCC	Rectangular Conc Chamber
AC	Audible Connection	DS	Depth To Silt	RE	Rodding Eye
AG	Above Ground	DTB	Depth To Base	SA	Survey Abandoned
AR	Assumed Route	DTW	Depth To Water	SL	Silt Level
BL	Base Level	DTS	Depth To Surcharge	SuL	Surcharge Level
CB	Concrete Benching	EBD	External Backdrop	TFR	Taken From Records
CBC	Circular Brick Chamber	EOT	End Of Trace →●	UTC	Unable To CCTV
CCC	Circular Conc Chamber	IBD	Internal Backdrop	UTDO	Unable To Determine Outfall
CL	Cover Level	IL	Invert Level	UTL	Unable To Lift
CPC	Circ Plastic Chamber	OH	Overhead	UTS	Unable To Survey
CrL	Crown Level	PDR	Poor Depth Response	UTT	Unable To Trace
CU	Camera Under Water→◂	RB ●	Rest Bend	WL	Water Level

BT CABLE(S)
OVERHEAD BT CABLE(S)
COMMUNICATIONS CABLE(S)
CABLE TV CABLE(S)
EMPTY DUCT
ELECTRIC CABLE(S)
OVERHEAD ELECTRIC CABLE(S)
FIBREOPTIC CABLE(S)
FUEL PIPE(S)
GAS MAIN
GAS SERVICE
GROUND PENETRATING RADAR (GPR) TRACE
HOT WATER PIPE
LIGHTING CIRCUIT
OIL PIPE(S)
VISIBLE SCARRING
SECURITY CABLING
TELECOM CABLE(S)
TRAFFIC SIGNAL
UNIDENTIFIED SERVICE
UNIDENTIFIED TRACE
WATER MAIN
WATER SERVICE
COMBINED SEWER
COMBINED WATER RISING MAIN
EFFLUENT WATER
FOUL SEWER
FOUL WATER RISING MAIN
RISING MAIN
SURFACE WATER SEWER
SURFACE WATER RISING MAIN
INVESTIGATION EXTENTS

Note:

40.37m DEPTH TO SERVICE

NORTH
Indicative

UTILITIES COMMENT BOX (GENERAL NOTES)

AUDIBLE CONNECTION

SERVICE ABOVE GROUND

CAMERA UNDER WATER

SERVICE OVERHEAD

DRAWING NOTES

All below ground details shown have been identified from above ground without excavation. Survey Solution uses electro-magnetic and/or ground penetrating radar (GPR) methods to investigate for underground utilities, services and features. Results using these methods are not infallible and we recommend trial excavations are carried out for verification of positions, depths and identification.

Any areas on the drawing where services or features have not been shown are not necessarily clear of services or features but are an indication that no items have been identified during our investigations. All reasonable care and normal good practice should still be employed during design and construction processes.

Certain types of services such as plastic or concrete pipes, some conduit and ducting where direct access can not be achieved for tracing may not be shown and alternative locating methods should be used.

Survey Solutions has used all reasonable care to research available service records but the completeness or use of the service records supplied to or by Survey Solutions cannot be guaranteed. Therefore Survey Solutions cannot be held responsible for any features annotated as (QL-D).

Depths obtained using electro-magnetic or GPR are effected by ground conditions and should be treated as indicative only. Electro-magnetic depths to utilities and services are generally taken to the centre of a feature, GPR depths to the top of a feature and drainage depth shown to inverts, unless otherwise indicated.

Drainage pipe sizes will be obtained without entering the chamber and therefore should be treated as approximate. Pipe dimensions which have not been obtained visually will be taken from records when available.

All services, drainage and utilities routes are assumed straight between access points, unless otherwise stated. The numbers of cables in runs will not be shown unless specifically requested. All services are below ground unless indicated.

Services, utilities and features may not have been surveyed if obstructed or not reasonably visible or accessible at the time of survey.

Survey Solutions accept no responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of either the topographical survey or base mapping on this project.

All critical dimensions and measurements should be checked and verified with any errors or discrepancies notified to Survey Solutions immediately. The accuracy of the digital data is the same as the plotting scale implies. All dimensions are in metres unless otherwise stated.

The contractor must check and verify all site and building dimensions, levels, utilities and drainage details and connections prior to commencing work.

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This drawing should only be scaled using digital methods.

REV	DESCRIPTION	DRAWN	APPR	DATE

PROJECT TITLE
HOWES LANE
BICESTER.

DRAWING DETAIL
SURVEY TYPE D - RECORDS ONLY
SHEET 6 OF 6

CLIENT				SCALE
CALA HOMES				1:200
SURVEYOR	SURVEY DATE	CHECKED BY	APPROVED BY	DWG STATUS
DCB	01/12/2025	ZAW	JTM	FINAL
DRAWING NUMBER		REVISION		ISSUE DATE
83303NGUG-06				02/12/2025

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